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STANDARDIZED PERFORMANCE TESTS OF COLLECTORS OF SOLAR THERMAL ENERGY - REVERE FLAT-PLATE COLLECTOR WITH TWO TRANSPARENT COVERS

Lewis Research Center Cleveland, Ohio 44135 December 1975



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STANDARDIZED PERFORMANCE TESTS OF COLLECTORS OF SOLAR THERMAL ENERGY - A NONSELECTIVE, COPPER COLLECTOR WITH TWO TRANSPARENT COVERS

Power Systems Division Lewis Research Center

INTRODUCTION

An area presently being investigated by the NASA Lewis Research Center in its efforts to aid in the utilization of alternate energy sources is the use of solar energy for the heating and cooling of buildings. An important part of this effort is the evaluation of solar collectors which have the potential to be efficient, economical, and reliable.

This preliminary data report gives basic test results of a collector whose performance was determined in the NASA-Lewis solar simulator. In the interest of providing performance data on this collector to the technical community as quickly as possible, the basic test results reported herein are presented without evaluation. Detailed analyses and interpretation of these results may be presented in subsequent papers or reports by this Center. Some of the results contained in this report may be changed as warranted by reviews and evaluations, or by obtaining additional data on this collector.

Reference 1 describes the solar-simulator test facility, as well as the basic test procedure.

COLLECTOR DESCRIPTION

The collector was made by Revere Copper and Brass, Incorporated of Rome, New York. It consists of a laminated copper absorber panel (absorbing area = 16.3 ft.²) and seven parallel copper flow channels of rectangular cross-section. The flow channels are spaced $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches apart and are clamped and bonded with a thermally conductive cement to the absorber panel. The absorber panel is coated with a nonselective flat black paint. The collector double-glazing material is glass with an area of 17.2 square feet. An insulation of $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches of fiber glass is used to reduce conduction heat losses. A photograph of the collector on the test stand is shown in Figure 1.

COLLECTOR TEST RESULTS

Basic test results are given in Table I. Since this collector was larger than the area of radiation provided by the solar simulator, it was necessary to use a "shield" approach as explained in Reference 1. This technique allows one to determine the efficiency of the entire collector even though only a portion of it is actually exposed to radiation. By using the analytical method outlined in Reference 1 for a collector tested with a "shield", the results given in Table I were used for a determination of the performance correlation given in figure 2.

REFERENCES

 Simon, F. F.: Flat-Plate Collector Performance Evaluation with a Solar Simulator as a Basis for Collector Selection and Performance Prediction, paper presented at the 1975 International Solar Energy Society Meeting, Los Angeles, California, July 28-August 1, 1975, NASA TM X-71793.

TABLE I - BASIC EXPERIMENTAL DATA

50/50 Water and Ethylene Glycol Incident Angel = 0° Tilt Angle = 57° Above Horizontal

Efficiency	0.67304	0.47085	0.67315	96009.0	0.70147	0.70362	0.43657	0.43496	9.41725	3.51044	0.58055	0.59303	0.18311	0.18276	0.19012	0.336,26	0.33397	124747	0.16401	0.15325	0.14289	
Ambient Temp.	761.00	995.00	519.00	90.819	401.00	300.06	80.197	90.440	90.560	00.7KB	150.00	300.00	00.407	901-00	90.050	90.186	.02°03	90.281	155.10	\$59.10	91.762	
Fluid Inlet Temp.,°F	785.307	94.344	94.330	96.007	95.011	040.070	122.27	122.30	172.11	122.17	121.76	121.94	143.25	160.31	160.25	141.49	141.48	161.51	197.45	197.65	107.94	
Fluid Outlet Temp.,°F	106.31	106.41	104.35	0.111	111.26	1111,36	129.26	129,37	120.55	135.15	135.42	135.24	163.13	163.15	163.35	169.82	168.03	160.08	201.02	200.63	200.03	
Incident Radiation Flux Btw/hr ft ²	166.98	186.93	196.69	275.66	275.66	275.00	196,44	104.78	105.67	293.07	283.54	284. 28	197.72	107.25	106.45	276.45	278.34	276.76	2777.05	277.71	275.44	
Flow Gal/Min	0.10747	0.30716	0.30780	90001	0.30949	0.31012	0.30575	0.30296	0.31412	0.29278	0.10080	0.21458	0.30815	0.30979	0.30913	0.30964	0.10832	0.30CA1	0.30525	0.30574	0.10509	
Flow Per Radiated Surface Area lb/hr ft2	15.112	15.006	15.128	15.242	15.219	15.250	14.560	14.479	14.967	13.484	14.344	15,001	14.705	14.794	14,755	14.773	14.719	14.720	14.548	14.570	14.538	

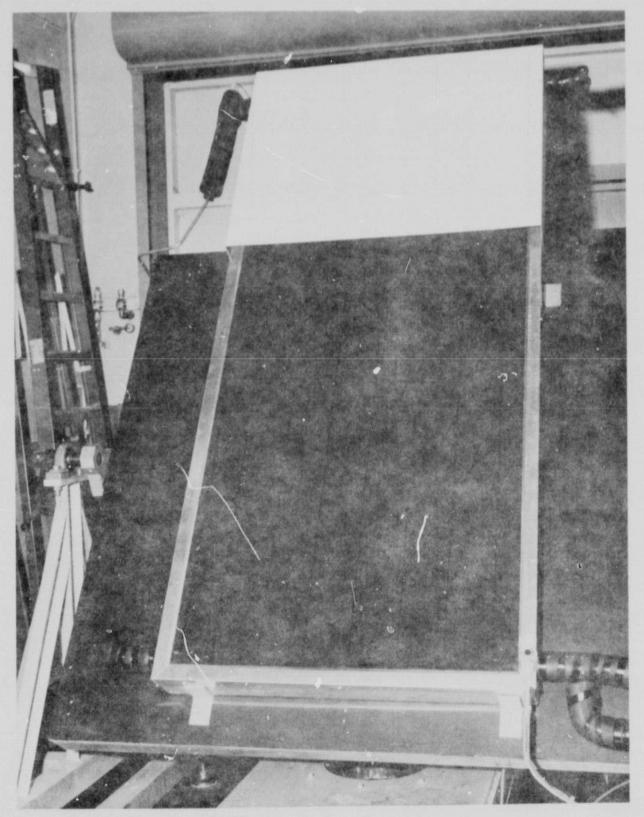


Fig. 1 - Collector on Test Stand

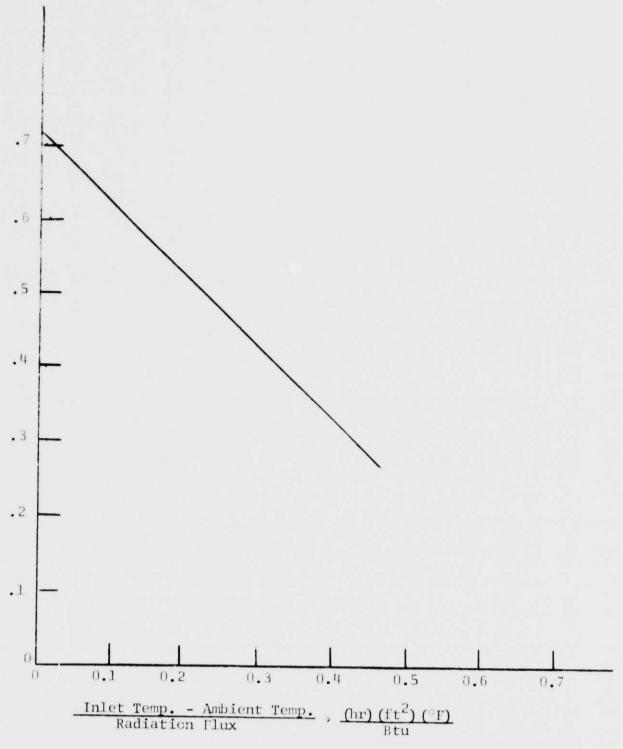


Fig. 2 - Collector Performance Correlation